



DATA GAP ANALYSIS

SDG Support Unit

P&DD, Gilgit Baltistan

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Introduction

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a broad set of goals cutting across dimensions of social, economic and environment. The government of Pakistan has adopted SDGs as the National Development Goals. Government of Gilgit Baltistan (GB) is working in collaboration with UNDP and the federal government for the implementation of these goals. To achieve the Agenda 2030 which calls for “leaving no one behind” while ensuring sustainability of resources for future generations, the government of GB has to make coordinated efforts with other development partner organizations to generate required financial resources.

Gilgit-Baltistan has a population of 1,492,924 scattered over an area of 72971 km² with a population density of 20.46. The widely scattered population with harsh climatic conditions makes the service delivery more challenging for the government. The local revenue collection is almost negligible as the GB government was able to generate a domestic revenue of 1000 million PKR in 2018/19. Consequently, the government of GB is completely dependent on the budgetary allocations from the Federal government to meet its development as well as recurrent expenditures. Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals in GB would require mobilization of financial resources locally as well as efficient use of the currently available resources.

The first and foremost task is to define a baseline which would allow us to know where we currently stand and how much efforts are needed to achieve the agenda 2030 and to meet the financial implications. Hence, data plays a critical role in planning and policy formulation. On one hand, availability of data enables policy makers in making informed decisions while on the other hand it generates demand through raising awareness of masses.

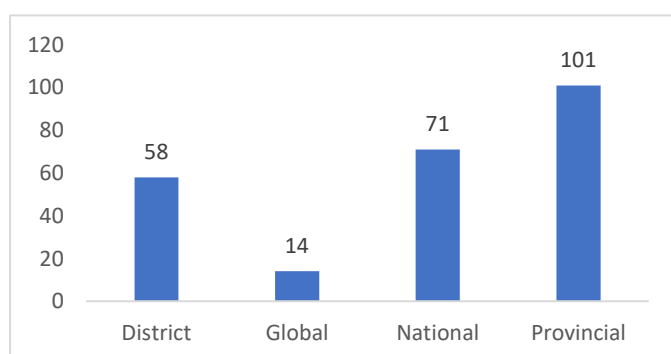


Figure 1: Reporting on SDG Indicators

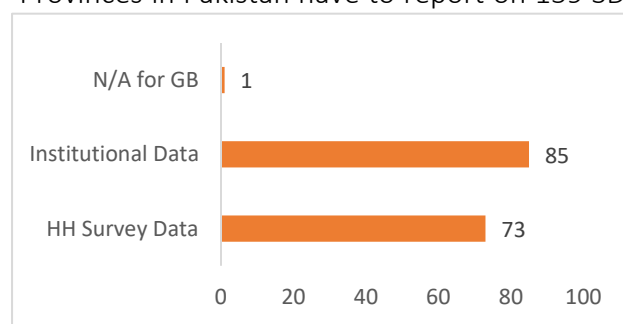
In the context of SDGs, 169 targets have been set against the 17 SDGs. In order to track progress along these 169 targets, 244 indicators have been defined and performance will be measured using the set-out indicators.

Among the 244 indicators, provincial governments are responsible for reporting on 159 indicators.

The main objective of this report is to identify the data gaps and to define a baseline against those SDG indicators for which data is currently available. Analysis of the data eco system in GB would enable us to know the major obstacles in availability of data. Through this report, the role of different line departments as well as other stakeholders will be highlighted in provision of institutional data and in reducing the data gap. This report will also identify the overlap in different household data sets so that it can be taken into account while designing the HH surveys in future. It will be a stepping stone as it will set the foundation for the SDG framework.

Main Sources of Data

Provinces in Pakistan have to report on 159 SDG indicators from the total of 244. One of the



provincial indicators is related to coastal/marine life which is not relevant to GB. Out of the remaining 158 GB related SDG indicators, institutional data is required on almost 86 indicators whereas data from HH surveys is needed on 72 indicators.

Figure 2: Type of Data Required

Household Survey Data

Following household data sets are being collected provincially with some having representation at the district level while others only representative at the provincial level.

HH Survey Data	Representation Level	Organization responsible
Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS)	District Level	Govt of GB (collaboration with UNICEF)
Pakistan Demographic Health Survey (PDHS)	Provincial/GB Level	NIPS
National Nutrition Survey (NNS)	Provincial/GB level	
Pakistan Social & Living Standards Measurement (PSLM) Survey	District Level	PBS
Household Integrated Economic Survey (HIES)	Provincial/GB level	PBS
Labour Force Survey (LFS)	Provincial/GB Level	PBS
Annual Status of Education Report (ASER)	District level	ITA

National Education Assessment Survey (NEAS)	Country level	?
National Socio-Economic Registry (NSER)	Census type	BISP

All these surveys combined can provide data on 62 SDG indicators out of the total 72 indicators on which HH survey data is required for reporting. Some of these surveys are being conducted more regularly than others. Apart from the above-mentioned surveys, few HH surveys are currently being conducted such as a survey on Maternal Mortality Rate and Child Labour Survey.

PSLM is considered as a preferred data source on 21 SDG indicators out of which 1 overlap

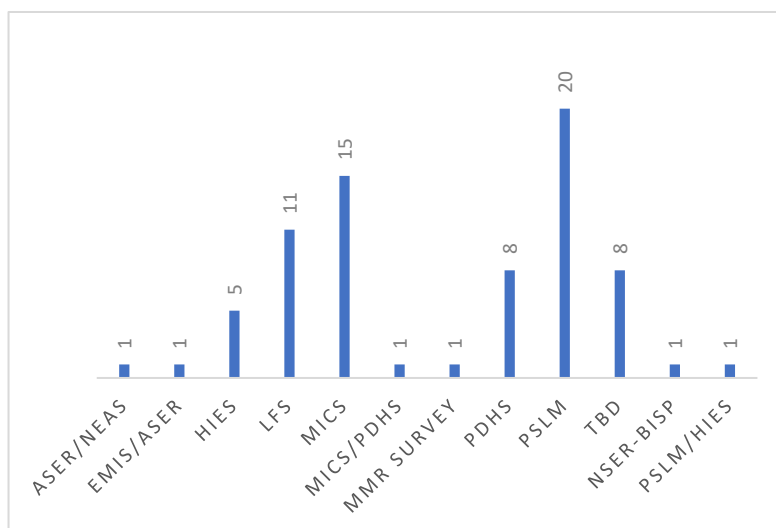


Figure 3: Reporting on SDG Indicators using HH Data

with HIES. Exclusively, it is considered as a preferred source for reporting on 20 SDG indicators. Similarly, HIES can provide data on 6 SDG indicators out of which 1 indicator overlap with PSLM. Labor Force Survey can exclusively provide data on 11 SDG Indicators. Overall,

availability of PSLM/HIES/LFS data can provide data on 35 additional SDG indicators.

MICS can be considered as a preferred source of data on 16 SDG indicators, among which 1 indicator overlaps with PDHS survey. Similarly, ASER can be considered as a preferred source for reporting on two SDG indicators.

Institutional Data

As mentioned above, there are 85 provincially relevant SDG indicators which needs institutional data for reporting purposes. Health department has to provide data on 11 SDG indicators which are relevant to GB while 'Forest, Wildlife and Parks' has to report on 9 SDG indicators. Similarly, GBDMA can provide data on 8 SDG indicators whereas data on 7 SDG indicators can be acquired from 'Home & Prisons' department. The below table includes

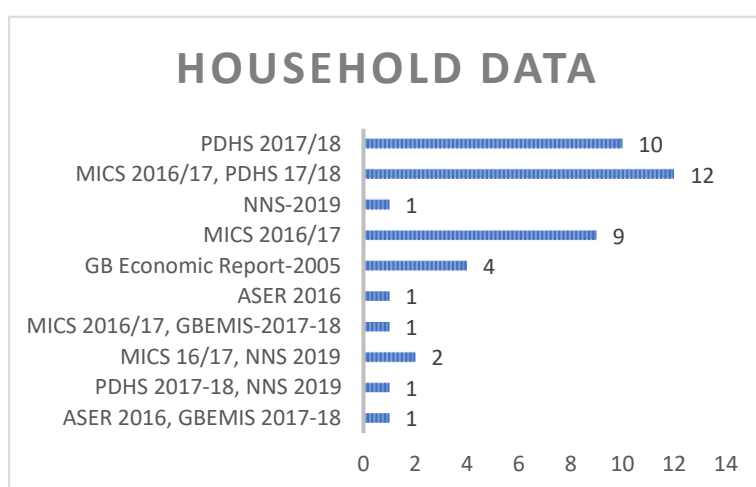
detailed list of departments along with the number of GB related SDG indicators on which the departments have to provide data.

Institution	# of SDG Ind	Institution	# of SDG Ind
ADP/Finance	2	HMIS	1
Agriculture Census	1	Home & Prisons	7
Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.	3	Minerals, Industries, Trade, Commerce and Labour Deptt.	2
DC offices	1	P&DD, Finance	1
Education Department/EMIS	2	Provincial Assembly	1
EPA	1	PTA	1
Finance	5	Rescue/Home&Prison (Police) Dept	1
Finance/ BISP	1	Social Welfare, Women Development, Population Welfare and Human Rights Deptt.	4
Finance/Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.	1	Tourism, Sports & Culture	1
Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment	9	Tourism, Sports & Culture	1
GB Disaster Management Authority (GBDMA)	8	Tourism, Sports and Culture Deptt.	1
Gilgit Development Authority (GDA)/Skardu Development Authority (SDA)	5	Water & Power	4
Health Department	11	Wild Life/Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.	1
TBD	9		

Most of the departments in GB have newly been established such as Social Welfare, labour and GBDMA. They do not have the information management systems in place to manage the incoming data which makes reporting on SDGs using institutional data challenging. It becomes highly important to build the capacities of the relevant lines departments on the computation methodologies as well as on collecting data through innovative ways by employing technology.

Impediments to availability of Institutional and Household Data

The four provinces of Pakistan and AJK have their own provincial Bureau of Statistics which manages the institutional data as well as the other data sets available from HH surveys. GB lacks a provincial Bureau of Statistics or any other institution with the sole responsibility of



managing and providing statistics to facilitate in evidence-based policy making. Hence there is no single authority responsible for a centralized data management in GB.

In the absence of a provincial Bureau of Statistics, GB is facing scarcity of data. The situation demands a proactive role of PBS to address these issues of data availability for policy purposes. Although, there is a provincial office of Pakistan Bureau of Statistics in GB, its role in addressing the challenges of data in GB has been negligible. PBS conducts Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement (PSLM) survey, Household Integrated Economic Survey (HIES) and Labor Force Survey in GB, however, it excludes GB in the reports that the Bureau publishes following every survey. Upon especial request of the provincial government, the Bureau do provide the raw data. However, due to lack of internal capacity of the line departments, they are unable to make any use of the raw data sets that they receive from PBS. In case of GB, PBS is reluctant to provide descriptive statistics based on the data sets that they collect for GB due to some mysterious reasons.

In order to address the **paucity** of data, the GB government collaborated with UNICEF to conduct the provincial Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) in 2016/17. The government of GB had to allocate a significant amount from its ADP budget to conduct the MICS 2016-17 in GB. Since the MICS data is representative at the district level, it allows both the provincial and district governments to use it for planning purposes at the grass level. MICS provides complete data on 19 SDG indicators while partial data on 5 SDG indicators.

National Institute of Population Studies (NIPS) conducts Pakistan Demographic Health Survey (PDHS) across Pakistan including GB. The PDHS reports also includes descriptive statistics for GB including data on 18 SDG indicators. However, out these 18 SDG indicators 12 overlap with MICS while one indicator overlaps with National Nutrition Survey leaving out 5 SDG indicators on which PDHS exclusively provides data. Similarly, National Nutrition Survey (NNS) also provides data on 4 SDG indicators out of which 2 overlap with MICS whereas 1 indicator overlaps with PDHS leaving just one indicator on which NNS exclusively provides data.

Currently the government of GB is collaborating with UNICEF to conduct the Child Labor Survey in GB. Data on income, expenditure, employment and its types are being captured in CLS which can be used to estimate relevant SDG indicators. The SDG Unit has requested GBCLS team to include a separate chapter on SDGs in the GBCLS report.

Absence of a central body for the management of the data sets being collected leads to duplications in the data being collected through various surveys. As we observed above that there is a significant overlap in the data being collected under various surveys administered by a number of organizations. To ensure efficient use of the scarce resources, these overlaps need to be removed and which is possible if these surveys are being coordinated and managed by a single entity at the provincial level.

In the context of GB, some of the line departments do have institutional data which still needs consolidation in a central repository. The reliability of the institutional data that the line departments provide is also a challenging issue. Cross validation is usually required before using it for policy purposes. Absence of a Provincial Bureau of Statistics exacerbates the challenges of data gathering and data management. Therefore, a statistical body needs to be established which can centrally manage the secondary data being received from the line departments after performing cross validations to ensure the quality of data being stored. A

well-managed data system is essential for evidence-based policy making in GB. To address these challenges, Government of GB is planning to establish a Statistical Unit inside P&DD GB.

Availability of Data on SDGs in GB

Data is available on 28% of the total 158 GB related SDG indicators. However, most of the data sets available from HH surveys is from cross-sectional surveys administered for a single time. For instance, MICS was administered for the first time in 2016/17 in GB with no time line for the future rounds. Unless these surveys are repeated at different points in future, tracking of SDGs over time would not be possible. Data on 26% of the SDG indicators can be acquired from line departments through minor efforts. Since, coordination mechanisms between SDG Unit and line departments are being set up for the first time, gathering data from line departments has been a challenging task. However, once the coordination mechanisms are defined with all the departments, collecting institutional data would be easier.

There are approximately 18% SDG indicators where departments have to make major efforts like designing new surveys and identifying new and innovating ways of data collection. PBS has to provide data on 16% of SDG indicators which are currently not available. As discussed above, P&D has requested PBS to provide the required data sets. Once these raw data sets are received from PBS, SDG Unit will do the needed estimations to set the baseline on additional indicators. There are approximately 11% such indicators on which data can only be provided through conducting new surveys.

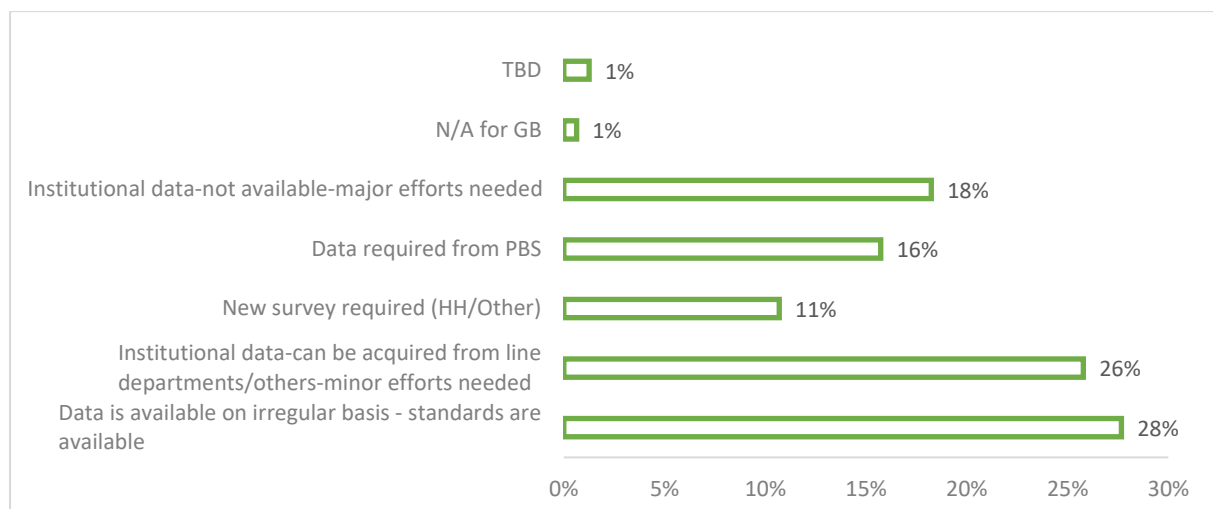


Figure 4: Efforts required to set the baseline

Overall, baseline data is completely available on 28% of the GB relevant SDG indicators that

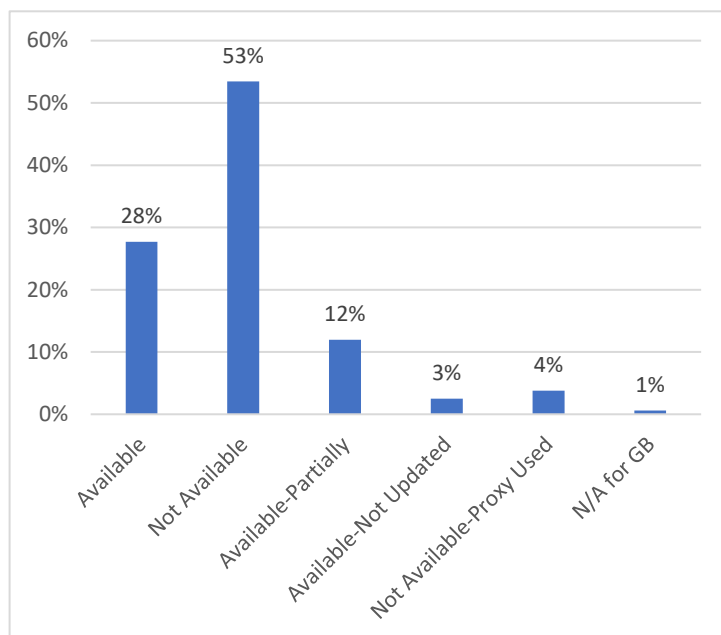


Figure 5: Availability of Baseline Data

includes data from any available source whereas data on 53% of the SDG indicators is not currently available. In 4 percent of the SDG indicators where data was not available, good proxies were used to give an approximate estimate on the indicator. The GB economic report prepared by the World Bank in 2005 provided data on couple of SDG indicators. Since, there was no alternate data source available,

data was used from these reports which have been published more than a decade ago. On approximately 12 percent of the indicators, data was partially available.

Among the HH survey data, MICS and PDHS are the major sources of data for the baseline setting. These two sources combined provided complete data on 28 and partial data on 3 SDG indicators. Proxies were also used from these two sources to give an approximate estimate on 4 SDG indicators. As discussed above, data from PBS can be used to estimate 35 SDG additional indicators.

Institutional data was also gathered from couple of line departments through a close coordination. The SDG Support Unit is following up with the remaining departments to acquire available data from the departments.

Way forward

1. Centralized data Management System

A centralized management system of data by a single entity will ensure both the quality of data available and provision of the data to all stakeholders which will facilitate the overall process of evidence-based policy making in GB. The Statistical Cell which is going to be established within P&D can lead this process of data integration and management.

2. Role of PBS in facilitating GB government

Pakistan Bureau of Statistics can play a pivotal role by making the descriptive statistics readily available for the provincial stakeholders which will strengthen the process of evidence-based policy making in GB. As discussed above, the provincial line departments do not possess the capacity to analyze the raw data, which makes the role of PBS more critical. Since, PBS has the capacity, it can provide a brief report for GB including descriptive statistics from PSLM, HIES and LFS with minor efforts.

3. Establish data reporting mechanism on SDGs

SDG Unit is currently in process of establishing a mechanism for the line departments to share data on SDGs. A matrix including relevant SDG indicators along with the methodology of estimation has been shared with majority of the line departments. However, this will also require a detailed training of the statistical persons within line departments on estimation methodology.

4. Alignment of surveys with SDGs in future

Currently SDGs are not fully integrated and aligned with the surveys which have been conducted so far in GB. The mainstreaming of SDGs in the policy framework would also require

us to design surveys around SDGs. This will enable us to track progress on SDGs and will shift the policy discussion from general development indicators to make it more SDG centric.

Appendix A: Baseline on SDG Indicators¹

¹ Code 1: Data is available on regular basis - standards are available
Code 2: Data is available on irregular basis - standards are available
Code 3: Estimations required- secondary data available on irregular basis
Code 4: Institutional data-can be acquired from line departments/others-minor efforts needed
Code 5: New survey required (HH/Other)
Code 6: Data required from PBS
Code 7: Institutional data-not available-major efforts needed

SDG Indicator	Baseline (GB)	Data Source (GB)	Availability	Type of Data	Efforts Needed	Preferred Data Source	Alternate Source	Disaggregation Required by:	Suggested Reporting Level	OECD Classification
1.2.1	29	GB Economic Report (2005)	Available-Not Updated	HH	Code 6	HIES		Age, Gender ,	Provincial	Outcome
1.2.2	Proportion of population who is multidimensionally poor: 34.8 (Urban: 16.9, Rural: 38.5)	MICS 2016/17	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS	No meta data	District	Outcome
1.3.1	1. Proportion of population covered by BISP: 4% of the total population (Gilgt: 35, Baltistan: 33, Diamer: 32) Zakwat: 45,486 beneficiaries Akhuwat: Interest free micro credit facilities to 100,000 Youth 2. Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) receiving benefits from BISP: 12%; Percentage of ever-married men (15-49) receiving benefits from BISP: 16.5% 3. Total population covered by social protection: 10.3%	1. Information Provided by Line Departments and BISP 2. PDHS 2017-18 3. NNS 2019	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	BISP	Age, Gender, Employment status, Disability, Pregnancy, Vulnerability, New Born	District	Outcome
1.4.1	Electricity:98%, Improved Drinking Water Facility:79%, Improved Sanitation Facility (shared/not shared):89% (3/86), Finished Floor: 79.1%, Finished roof: 62., Finished Walls: 79.4%	MICS 2016/17	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS	No meta data	District	Outcome

1.4.2	<p>Proxy:</p> <p>A) Ever married women (15-49) who have ownership of 1) land: 3.6%, 2) House: 1.5% Percentage of currently married (15-49) women who inherited: 1) Agricultural land: 3%, 2) Non-agricultural land: 0.5%, 3) Residential Plot: 0.2%, 4) House: 0.2% Percentage of ever married men (15-49) by ownership of: 1) Land: 84.6%, 2) House: 91.9%</p> <p>B) Land has a title or deed and woman's name is on the title/deed: 33.7%; Percentage of women who have the autonomy to sell the land they own: 32.7% Land has a title or deed and man's name is on the title/deed: 33.6%; Percentage of men who have the autonomy to sell the land they own: 34%</p>	PDHS 2017/18	Not Available-Proxy Used	HH	Code 6	PSLM		Age, Gender, SES, Indigenous, Local communities	District	Outcome
1.5.1	<p>Number of Deaths and Missing Persons per 100,000 population: 0.8 Persons directly affected (because of damages to houses) by disasters per 100,000 population: 94 No of Deaths total GB due to disasters: 8 [Bread winner: 2, Non Bread winner: 6] Injured: 4 Houses Pakka: 5 [Fully:3, Partially: 2] Houses Kachha: 178 [Fully:77, Partially: 101] Cattle Shed: 108 [Fully: 79, Partially: 29] Trees: 26385 [Fruit: 5036, Non-Fruit: 21349] Livestock: 226 {Goat/sheep: 175, Cow/donkey: 41}</p>	GBDMA 2018	Available	ID	Code 2	GBDMA		Event, Hazard, Age, Gender, Geographic location, Disability	District	Outcome
1.5.4	<p>All 10 Districts of GB. District Disaster Management Authorities have been established in each of the 10 districts of GB. DC is the chairman of DDMA assisted by AD. DDMA's are primarily responsible for carrying out DRR and DRm as per National Disaster Risk Management Act 2010 in their respective districts assisted by GBDMA and relevant line departments and other stakeholders.</p>	GBDMA	Available	ID	Code 2	GBDMA		No meta data	District	Outcome

1.a.1	1. Dev: 0.54%, Recurrent: None; BISP: 320 Million PKR 2. Zakat: 95.902 Million PKR 3. Akhuwat: Interest free micro credit facilities to 100,000 Youth	1. Finance/P&DD-2018-19 2. Economic Survey 2018/19	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Finance/BISP		No meta data	District	MOI
1.a.2	Government spending (ADP+recurrent 2018-19) on Education, Health and Social Welfare and Women Development: 29.89%	P&DD GB, Finance Department, BISP	Available	ID	Code 2	Finance		No meta data	District	MOI
1.a.3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Finance			Provincial	Outcome
1.b.1	Allocations to Social Welfare and Women Development: ADP: 0.6%; Recurrent: 0.7%	Finance/P&DD-2018-19	Available	ID	Code 2	Finance		Women, Poor, Vulnerable, Gender	Provincial	MOI
2.1.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	PSLM/HIES	NNS, PDHS	Gender	Provincial	Outcome
2.1.2	Food Insecurity as per FIES scale: 24.4 % [Mild Food Insecurity: 13.2%, Moderate Food Insecurity: 7.5%, Severe Food Insecurity: 3.7%]	NNS-2019-Key Findings Report	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS, NNS	None	District	Outcome
2.2.1	1. 46.2 % (Urban: 37.6, Rural: 48, Male: 47.6, Female: 44.8) 2. 47%	1. MICS 2016/17 2. PDHS 2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PDHS, NNS	Age, Gender, Pregnant lactating	Provincial	Outcome
2.2.2	Overweight: 1. 2.9 % (Urban: 3.9, Rural: 2.7, Male: 3.1, Female: 2.8) Waisting: 1: 3.8 % (Urban: 2.1, Rural: 4.2, Male: 4.6, Female: 3) 2. 3%	1. MICS 2016/17 2. PDHS 2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS/PDHS	PDHS, NNS	Age, Type,	Provincial	Outcome
2.3.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	HIES		Sub-national, Population group, Size of farm, Age, Gender	Provincial	Outcome
2.3.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	HIES		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome

2.4.1	Cultivated Area as a proportion of total area: 1% (568.4/72496 Sq.Km)	Agriculture Statistical Survey 2014	Available	ID	Code 2	Agriculture Census		Size of farm, Gender, Populating groups, Geographic area	Provincial	Outcome
2.5.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
2.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Wild Life/Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.		Risk classes	Provincial	Outcome
2.a.1	Government Expenditure (in millions PKR): 1861.575 Agriculture, Animal Husbandary & Fisheries: ADP: 367.507, Recurrent: 908.033, PSDP: 55.127 Forestry, Wild life & Environment: 114.969, Recurrent: 415.939, PSDP: 0 Agriculture share of GDP:XX	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Finance/Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.		None	Provincial	MOI
2.b.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	TBD		No meta data	Provincial	MOI
2.c.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Region, Main cities, Sub-national	Provincial	MOI
3.1.1	600	Pakistan Integrated Household Survey (PIHS) 1998-99,	Available-Not Updated	HH	Code 5	MMR Survey		Age, Residence ,	Provincial	Outcome

3.1.2	1. 62 (Urban: 84.7, Rural: 57.3) 2. 64	1. MICS 2016/17 2. PDHS 2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS /PDHS	Age, Parity, Residence, Provider, SES	District	Outcome
3.2.1	1. 91.8 (Urban: 47, Rural: 100.7, Male: 112.4, Female: 70.3) 2. 76	1. MICS 2016/17 2. PDHS 2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PSLM, PDHS	Residence, Gender, SES, Cause	District	Outcome
3.2.2	47	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PDHS	Age, Gender, Weight, Residence, SES	District	Outcome
3.3.1	Not Available	Health Department	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Health Department		Age group general population, Age group special population groups, Mode of transmission, Residence, Gender	District	Outcome
3.3.2	TB Suspects total: 1012 TB Incidence per 100,000: 67.79	Health Department-2019	Available-Partially	HH	Code 6	PSLM		Age, HIV Status, Gender	Provincial	Outcome
3.3.3	Total suspected Malaria cases: 585 Malaria Incidence per 100,000: 39.18	Health Department-2019	Available-Partially	HH	Code 6	PSLM		Age, Gender, Residence, Season	Provincial	Outcome
3.3.4	Viral Hepatitis B Admissions total: 50 Hepatitis B Incidence per 100,000: 3.35	Health Department-2019	Available-Partially	HH	Code 6	PSLM		Residence, Exposure to vaccine doses ,	Provincial	Outcome
3.3.5	Not Available	Health Department	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Health Department		Age, Gender ,	Provincial	Outcome

3.4.1	Deaths due to Cardiovascular disease: 1. Congestive Cardiac Failure (CCF): 14 2. Ischemic Heart Diseases (IHD): 13 3. Hypertension: 6 Deaths due to Chronic Respiratory Disease: 1. Pneumonia<5: 34 2. Pneumonia>5: 6 3. Asthama: 18 4. Chronic Obstructive Airways: 12 5. Extra Pulmonary Tuberculosis: 1	Health Department	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Health Department		Residence, Gender ,	District	Outcome
3.4.2	Number of People who have committed Suicide (reported): 2014: 11, 2015: 13, 2016: 17, 2017: 38, 2018: 26 Suicide Mortality rate 2018 per 100,000 Population: 1.74	Police Dept	Available	ID	Code 2	Home & Prisons		Age, Residence, Gender	Provincial	Outcome
3.5.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Health Department		Type of group, Gender, Age	District	Outcome
3.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	MICS		Age, Gender ,	Provincial	Outcome
3.6.1	1. Total road Traffic Injuries reported: 6066 2. Accidents 2017: 155; Deaths in Road Traffic Accidents 2017: 45 3. Death rate due to road traffic Injuries Per 100,000 Population: 3.014	1. Health Department 2019 2, 3: Police Department	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Rescue/Home&Prison (Police) Dept		Age, Gender, SES	District	Outcome
3.7.1	46.4% [Percentage of Demand for Family Planning Satisfied with MMs (age 15-49)]	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS	MICS	Age, Marital status, Residence, SES	Provincial	Outcome
3.7.2	Age 15-19: 46.9 (67) Age 10-14: XX	MICS 2016/17 (PDHS 17/18)	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PDHS	Marital status, Residence, SES	District	Outcome
3.8.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 6	Health Department		Gender, Age, SES, Geographic area, Type of indicator	District	Outcome

3.8.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	NSER-BISP	MICS	No meta data	District	Outcome
3.9.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Health Department		No meta data	District	Outcome
3.9.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Health Department		No meta data	District	Outcome
3.9.3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Health Department		No meta data	District	Outcome
3.a.1	1. 2.7% (Urban: 2.5, Rural: 2.8) [Percentage of women (age 15-49) used any tobacco product at any time during the last month] 2. Percentage of ever married women (15-49) who smoke any type of tobacco: 4.2% ; Percentage of ever married men (15-49) who smoke any type of tobacco: 24.4%	1. MICS 16/17 2. PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS	MICS	Age, Gender, SES	Provincial	MOI
3.b.1	1. 44.6% [Percentage of children (12-23 months) who have received full vaccination (BCG, Polio3, PENTA3 and Measles-1 (MCV1)) as per vaccination schedule in GB] 2. 44.7% [Percentage of children (24-35 months) who have received full vaccination (BCG, Polio3, PENTA3 and Measles-1 (MCV1)) as per vaccination schedule in GB] 3. 57% (Basic Vacc)	1&2: MICS 16/17 3: PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PDHS	Facility type, Medicine, Commodity, Public private	District	MOI
3.b.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Health Department		Type of finance, Type of resources ,	Provincial	MOI
3.b.3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	HMIS	Finance		District	MOI
3.c.1	Total Number of LHW: 1365 LHW Density per 1000 Population: 0.91 Total Number of Registered pharmaceuticals: 40 Density of Pharmaceuticals per 1000 population: 0.03	Health Department	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Health Department		Cadre, Residence of employment, Sub-national, Practitioner	District	MOI

3.d.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Health Department		None	Provincial	MOI
4.1.1	Class 3: % of Children who can read sentences in urdu: 47.5, % of Children who can read words in English:51.1 , % of Children who can do subtraction: 57.5 Class 5: % of Children who can read story in urdu: 52.5, % of Children who can read sentences in English:57.6 , % of Children who can do division: 54.8 Class 8: % of Children who can read story in urdu: 76.9, % of Children who can read sentences in English:75.2, % of Children who can do division: 75.4	ASER 2016	Available	HH	Code 2	ASER/NEAS	PSLM	Gender, Grades ,	District	Outcome
4.2.1	Percentage of Children age 3-5 years who are developmentally on track: 62.5 (Literacy Numeracy: 19.5, physical: 97.5, social-emotional: 60.7, Learning: 90.5) By Gender: Male: 62.5, Female: 62.6	MICS 2016/17	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS		Gender, Residence, Wealth quintiles	District	Outcome
4.2.2	1. Percentage of children (36-59 months) who are attending an organized early childhood education program: 14.2 (Urban:16.4, Rural:13.8, Male:14.5, Female:14) 2. Organized ECE program: Urban Male: 56% ; Urban Female: 44%; Rural Male: 52%; Rural Female: 48%	1. MICS 2016/17 2. GBEMIS-2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS		Gender	Provincial	Outcome
4.3.1	Not Available	1:Education department 2:social&women	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Gender	Provincial	Outcome
4.4.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	PSLM	MICS	Gender	District	Outcome
4.5.1	GPI: 0.86, Rural-Urban Parity Index: 0.87, Poorest-Richest Parity Index: 55.3 (Primary Adjusted NAR) Secondary:	MICS 2016/17	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS	Gender, Residence, Wealth, Disability, Conflict areas	District	Outcome
4.6.1	Literacy rate (10 years or above): 53.1 % (Male: 66.4, Female: 41.5) Numeracy: XX	MICS 2016/17	Available-Partially	HH	Code 5	PSLM	MICS	Gender	District	Outcome

4.7.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Education Department		No meta data	District	Outcome
4.a.1	1. Electricity: 74, BW: 68, DWF: 67, Toilet: 66, Playground: 53, Library: 38, Av. No. of classrooms :08, Computer Labs Government: 27%, Computer Labs Private: 39% 2. Electricity: 47% schools have electricity facility; Internet facility: So far Internet is not being used for Pedagogical purposes; Computers for Pedagogical purposes: 08% (08% have Computer labs and using ICT for teaching learning); Adopted infrastructure for students with disabilities: Nil; Drinking water: 65% have drinking water facility ; Hand washing facility: No hand washing facility as per WASH indicator definition in schools	1. ASER 2016 2. GBEMIS 2017-18	Available	HH	Code 2	EMIS/ASER	Education Department	Gender	District	MOI
4.c.1	1. Pre-Primary: 96%; Primary: 96%; Lower Secondary: 99%; Upper Secondary:99%	1. GBEMIS-2017-18	Available	ID	Code 2	EMIS		Pre-primary, Primary, Elementary, Secondary	District	MOI
5.1.1	Not Available	1:social welfare women development 2:labour	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Social Welfare, Women Development, Population Welfare and Human Rights Deptt.		Gender, Area of Law ,	Provincial	Outcome
5.2.1	Spousal Violence (Physical, sexual and emotional) by current of most recent husband: 30.6% [Emotional: 27.8, physical: 8.3, Sexual: 6.9]	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS		Age	Provincial	Outcome

5.2.2	Women aged 15-49 year old who have been physically forced to have an unwanted sexual intercourse: 0 % [3.5% didn't respond] Proxy: Women aged 15-49 who have ever been forced to perform sexual acts respondent didn't want to: 0.71%	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS		Age	Provincial	Outcome
5.3.1	Proportion of women (aged 20-24) married before Age 15: 7%, Age18: 27%	MICS 16/17	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS	PSLM	Wealth, Residence, Education level	District	Outcome
5.3.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Age, Region, Ethnicity, Religion, Residence, Wealth quintiles	Provincial	Outcome
5.4.1	Children involved in HH chores during the last week: 87.8% (Male:84.1, Female:91.6, Age 5-11: 83.3, Age 12-14: 93.3, Age 15-17: 94.6, Urban:87, Rural:87.9)	MICS 16/17	Available	HH	Code 2	TBD		Age, Gender, Residence	District	Outcome
5.5.1	Proportion of Seats held by Women in GB Assembly: 18% (6/33) Local governments:XX	GB Assembly	Available	ID	Code 2	Provincial Assembly		Tiers of govt, National, Local	Provincial	Outcome
5.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Head of state, Ministry, Legislative branch, Judiciary, Private, Public enterprise	Provincial	Outcome
5.6.1	Proxy: Percentage of ever-married women who make their decisions regarding own health care either by themselves or jointly with their husband: 47.7% Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) who can say no to their husband if they don't want to have sexual intercourse: 56.4% Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) who can ask their husband to use a condom: 56.8%	PDHS 2017/18	Not Available-Proxy Used	HH	Code 6	PSLM	MICS, PDHS	Age, Location, Economic quintile, Education level, Marital status, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
5.a.1	Not Available	law department	Not Available	HH	Code 5	PSLM	PDHS	Gender	District	MOI

5.b.1	1. Percentage of households where at least one member has a Mobile Phone: 92 %(Urban: 98.4%, Rural: 90.6) 2. Percentage of ever-married men (15-49) who own a mobile phone: 89.3 %, Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) who own a mobile phone: 55%	1. MICS 16/17 2. PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS /PDHS	Gender, Education level, Labour force status, Occupation	District	MOI
6.1.1	1. 79 % (Urban: 95.4, Rural: 75.5) [Percentage of Population using improved drinking water facility] 2. 94.2 % [GB has the third highest proportion of household with access to improved sources of drinking water]	1. MICS 16/17 2. NNS 2019	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PSLM	Residence, Gender, Disadvantaged groups, Sub-national, SES	District	Outcome
6.2.1	1. a. 86 % (Urban: 97.3, Rural: 83.5); b. % of HHs with a specific place for HW where water and soap or other cleansing agent are present: 53.2% (Urban: 78.2, Rural: 47.9) (Gilgit Division: 67.4%, Baltistan Division: 38.9%, Diامر: 49.2) 2. a: Sanitation Facility: 79.7%	1. MICS 16/17 2. NNS 2019	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS	Residence, Gender, Disadvantaged groups, Sub-national, SES	District	Outcome
6.3.1	No established system for waste water treatment.	GDA/Water & Power	Not Available	ID	Code 4	GDA		None	District	Outcome
6.3.2	Not Available	Water & Power	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Water & Power		None	District	Outcome
6.4.1	Not Available	Water & Power/Agriculture	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Water & Power		Agriculture, Energy, Municipal sectors	District	Outcome
6.4.2	Not Available	Water & Power/Agriculture	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Water & Power		Agriculture, Energy, Municipal sectors, River basins, Aquifers	District	Outcome
6.5.1	Not Available	Water & Power	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Water & Power		Gender	District	Policies & Institutions
6.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	TBD		None	Provincial	Policies & Institutions

6.a.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	TBD		Purpose code	Provincial	MOI
6.b.1	Not Available	LG&RD	Not Available	ID	Code 4	DC offices		None	Provincial	MOI
7.1.1	1. 98 % (Urban: 99.9, Rural: 97.6) 2. 100%	1. MICS 16/17 2. PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS , PDHS	Residence	District	Outcome
7.1.2	1. 14.7% [electricity 0.9, LPG: 13.7, Biogas: 0.1, Wood: 81, Animal Dung 2.1, others 2.3] 2. 21.8% [Electricity: 0.4, LPG: 20.4, Biogas:0.12 , Wood: 77]	1. MICS 16/17 2. PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS , PDHS	Cooking, Heating, Lighting, Residence	District	Outcome
7.b.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	TBD		No meta data	Provincial	MOI
8.3.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	LFS	PSLM	Gender	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
8.5.1	Not Available	Labor Department	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Age, Gender, Occupation, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
8.5.2	Unemployment, youth total (% of total labor force ages 15-24): 8.4%	GB Economic Report-2005	Available-Not Updated	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Age, Gender, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
8.6.1	Not Available	social welfare Women Development/tourism	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Gender	Provincial	Outcome
8.7.1	44.9 % (Urban:25.8, Rural: 48.8, Male: 45.6, Female: 44.3)	MICS 16/17	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS		Age, Gender, Residence, Sector, Employment status, Wealth quintiles	Provincial	Outcome
8.8.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS		Gender, Migration status, Occupation	Provincial	Outcome

8.8.2	Currently there is no system to monitor compliance of labour rights. Labor department is in the phase of recruiting labor inspectors.	Labor Department	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Minerals, Industries, Trade, Commerce and Labour Deptt.		Gender, Migration status ,	Provincial	Outcome
8.9.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Tourism, Sports & Culture		None	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
8.9.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	Gender	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
8.b.1	Draft Strategy for Youth Employment has been drafted by Social Welfare Department in collaboration with ILO.	Social Welfare Department	Available	ID	Code 2	Social Welfare, Women Development, Population Welfare and Human Rights Deptt.		Gender, Economic activity ,	Provincial	MOI
9.1.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	PSLM		No meta data	District	Policies & Institutions
9.1.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	TBD		Maximum level from a geographic perspective	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
9.2.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Minerals, Industries, Trade, Commerce		Sector	Provincial	Outcome

						and Labour Deptt.				
9.2.2	0.007	GB Economic Report-2005	Available-Not Updated	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSL M	Gender, Occupation ,	District	Outcome
9.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	HEC	No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
9.a.1	ODA: ETI: 9222.95 million PKR	ADP/Finance	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	ADP/Finance		Type of finance, Type of resources, Gender	Provincial	MOI
9.c.1	1. Proxy: Percentage of HHs where at least one member has a mobile phone: 92%	1. MICS 2016/17 PDHS	Not Available-Proxy Used	ID	Code 4	PTA		Mobile technology (2G 3G and 4G etc.), Residence ,	Provincial	MOI
10.1.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	HIES		Ethnicity, Gender, Residence disability, Religion, Migration or displacement, Minority, Civil status, Disability,	Provincial	Outcome
10.2.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 6	HIES	PSC-BISP	Age, Gender, Disability, Religion, Migration or displacement, Ethnicity	District	Outcome
10.3.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	MICS		Gender, Relationship, Ethnicity, Place where the discrimination occurred, Population groups,	District	Outcome

								Ground of discrimination		
10.4.1	Not Available	Labor Department	Not Available	HH	Code 6	LFS	PSLM	None	Provincial	Outcome
10.b.1	FDI: 0 ODA: 1. ADP: 844 (Million PKR) 2. Donors: 2114.691 (Million PKR)	ADP/Finance	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	ADP/Finance		ODA, FDI, Other flows	Provincial	MOI
11.2.1	No Public Transport Available for local commute within GB. Northern Areas Transport Corporation (NATCO) is the only public transport available from GB to Islamabad. NATCO Buses: 83 NATCO Vans: 102 NATCO Coasters: 19	NATCO	Available-Partially	HH	Code 6	PSLM		Age, Gender, Disability	District	Outcome
11.3.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	TBD		No meta data	District	Policies & Institutions
11.4.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Tourism, Sports & Culture		None	Provincial	Policies & Institutions

11.5.1	No of Deaths total GB due to disasters: 8 [Bread winner: 2, Non Bread winner: 6] injured: 4 Houses Pakka: 5 [Fully:3, Partially: 2] Houses Kachha: 178 [Fully:77, Partially: 101] Cattle Shed: 108 [Fully: 79, Partially: 29] Trees: 26385 [Fruit: 5036, Non-Fruit: 21349] Livestock: 226 {Goat/sheep: 175, Cow/donkey: 41} Number of Deaths and injured due to disasters per 100,000 Population: $(12/1492924)*100,000=0.804$	GBDMA	Available	ID	Code 2	GBDMA	NDM A	Event, Hazard, Age, Gender, Geographic location, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
11.5.2	Proxy: Amount Paid in Compensation due to disasters: 100,561,000 PKR [Compensation in Deaths: 3,400,000; Compensation for Injured: 600,000; Compensation for damaged houses: 8,200,000 Compensation for damaged Cattle Shed: 2,805,000 Compensation for damaged Trees: 82,986,000 Compensation for damaged livestock: 2,570,000	GBDMA	Not Available-Proxy Used	ID	Code 7	GBDMA	NDM A	Event, Hazard, Asset loss type, Sub-national administrative unit	Provincial	Outcome
11.6.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	GDA		District	Provincial	Outcome
11.6.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	EPA		District	Provincial	Outcome
11.7.1	Not Available	Not available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	GDA		Age, Gender, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
11.7.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	PDHS		Age, Gender, Place, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
11.b.1	GBDMA and DDMA's develop the contingency plans each year to carry out the DRR and DRM as per National Disaster Risk Management Act 2010. A state of Art Humanitarian Response Facility Center for storage of relief items has been established in Gilgit.	GBDMA	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	GBDMA	NDM A	City	Provincial	MOI
12.2.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	TBD	TBD		Import, Material category ,	Provincial	Outcome

12.2.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	TBD	TBD		Import, Material category ,	Provincial	Outcome
12.4.2	Not Available	GDA	Not Available	ID	Code 4	GDA		Treatment	Provincial	Outcome
12.5.1	There is no setup established at the provincial level for recycling	GDA	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	GDA		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
12.8.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	TBD		No meta data	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
12.b.1	A draft tourism strategy has been developed by Tourism department for GB	Tourism, Sports and Culture Deptt.	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Tourism, Sports and Culture Deptt.		Sub-national	Provincial	MOI
13.1.1	No of Deaths total GB due to disasters: 8 [Bread winner: 2, Non Bread winner: 6] injured: 4 Houses Pakka: 5 [Fully:3, Partially: 2] Houses Kachha: 178 [Fully:77, Partially: 101] Cattle Shed: 108 [Fully: 79, Partially: 29] Trees: 26385 [Fruit: 5036, Non-Fruit: 21349] Livestock: 226 {Goat/sheep: 175, Cow/donkey: 41} Number of Deaths and injured due to disasters per 100,000 Population: (12/1492924)*100,000=0.804	GBDMA	Available	ID	Code 2	GBDMA	NDMA	Event, Hazard, Age, Gender, Geographic location, Disability	Provincial	Outcome
13.1.2	GBDMA and DDMA's develop the contingency plans each year to carry out the DRR and DRM as per National Disaster Risk Management Act 2010. A state of Art Humanitarian Response Facility Center for storage of relief items has been established in Gilgit.	GBDMA	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	GBDMA	NDMA	Event, Hazard, Age, Gender, Geographic location, Disability	Provincial	Outcome

13.1.3	All 10 Districts of GB. District Disaster Management Authorities have been established in each of the 10 districts of GB. DC is the chairman of DDMA assisted by AD. DDMA's are primarily responsible for carrying out DRR and DRm as per National Disaster Risk Management Act 2010 in their respective districts assisted by GBDMA and relevant line departments and other stakeholders.	GBDMA	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	GBDMA		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
14.1.1	N/A for GB	N/A for GB	N/A for GB	N/A for GB	N/A for GB	N/A for GB		None	Provincial	Outcome
14.4.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.		None	Provincial	Outcome
15.1.1	Forest areas as a percentage of land area: 3.58 % [Diamaer: 5.45, Astore, 0.431, Gilgit: 0.364, Ghizer: 0.091, Nager: 0.067, Skardu, 0.04, Shiger: 0.019, Kharmang: 0.008, Ghanche: 0.006, Hunza: 0.005]	Forest Department	Available	ID	Code 2	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment	Forest Department	None	Provincial	Outcome
15.1.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		Ecosystem, Protected areas ,	Provincial	Outcome
15.2.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		None	Provincial	Outcome
15.3.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Deptt.	Agriculture Census	Land cover type	Provincial	Outcome

15.4.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		None	Provincial	Outcome
15.7.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		Phylum, Order, Genus, Kingdom, Class, Family, Species,	Provincial	Outcome
15.9.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		No meta data	Provincial	Policies & Institutions
15.a.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		None	Provincial	MOI
15.b.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment	P&D, Finance	None	Provincial	MOI
15.c.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Forest, Wild life, Parks and Environment		Phylum, Order, Genus, Kingdom, Class, Family, Species,	Provincial	MOI
16.1.1	Proxy: Murder Cases: 2014: 75, 2015: 57, 2016: 67, 2017: 62, 2018: 74 Number of murder cases per 100,000 Population: ((74/1492924)*100,000) =4.96	Police Dept	Not Available-Proxy Used	ID	Code 7	Home & Prisons		Age, Gender, Relation, Means of perpetration, Situation, Location	Provincial	Outcome

16.1.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Home & Prisons		Age, Gender, Context, Means of perpetration, Situation, Device type	Provincial	Outcome
16.1.3	Percentage of ever married women (15-49) who have experienced Violence during the last 12 months: Physical: 5.8 % Sexual: 6.1 % Psychological (recent/current or former husband) : 27.8%	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
16.1.4	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	MICS	PDHS	No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
16.2.1	Percentage of children (age 1-14 years) who have experienced during last month: PP: 91.7 (Urban: 94.6, Rural: 91.2, Male: 93.8, Female: 89.8); PA: 80.6 (Urban: 84.3, Rural: 79.9, Male: 81.3, Female: 79.9)	MICS 16/17	Available	HH	Code 2	MICS	PDHS	Age, Gender ,	Provincial	Outcome
16.2.2	Not Available	Human & Child Rights	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Home & Prisons		Age, Gender, Form of exploitation, Population groups, Type of perpetrator	Provincial	Outcome
16.2.3	Proportion of young women aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18: 0% [underreporting maybe] Proportion of young men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18: 0% [underreporting maybe] Proxy: Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) who have experienced sexual violence by any husband in last 12 months: 6.1 %	PDHS 2017/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PDHS		Age, Gender, Marital status, Residence, Wealth quintiles	Provincial	Outcome
16.3.1	Proxy: Percentage of ever-married women (15-49) who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence and sought help to stop violence: 9.7%	PDHS 2017/18	Not Available-Proxy Used	HH	Code 5	MICS	PDHS	Gender, Crime, Ethnicity, Migration background, Citizenship	Provincial	Outcome

16.3.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Home & Prisons		Age, Gender, Length of trial	Provincial	Outcome
16.4.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Home & Prisons		No meta data	Provincial	Outcome
16.5.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Age, Gender, Type of official	District	Outcome
16.5.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		No meta data	District	Outcome
16.6.1	ADP: Expenditure as a proportion of original approved budget: 14185.381/14185.381=100% By Sector: Administration & Law Enforcement: 1068.443/1068.443=100% Energy Sector: 3403.997/3403.997=100% NRM Sector: 801.667/801.667=100% Social Sector: 1979.891/1979.891=100% Works Sector: 5962.539/5962.539 Block Allocations: 968.844/968.844=100% PSDP: XX Recurrent: XX	P&DD	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	P&DD, Finance		Najor function, Economic classification ,	Provincial	Outcome
16.6.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Type of service accessed, Age, Gender, Population groups, Income, Disability, Religion	District	Outcome
16.7.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Social Welfare, Women Development, Population Welfare and Human		Age, Gender, Disability, Ethnicity, Population groups, Pubic departments, State institution, Level of position, Type of contract	Provincial	Outcome

						Rights Deptt.				
16.7.2	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Age, Gender, Disability, Population groups	District	Outcome
16.9.1	1. Children under age 5 who are registered (with or without a certificate): 18.6 (Urban: 17.8, Rural: 18.8, Male: 19.2, Female: 18) Agewise: 0-11 months: 14.8, 12-23 months: 16.2, 24-35 months: 16.8, 36-47 months: 22.6, 48-59 months: 22.5 2. Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are registered with civil authorities: 27.1% [with certificate: 16.7%, without a certificate: 10.4%]	1. MICS 16/17 2. PDHS 17/18	Available	HH	Code 2	PSLM	MICS	Age, Gender, Place of residence, Wealth quintiles, Mothers education	District	Outcome
16.10.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 4	Home & Prisons		Type of violence, Age, Gender, Geographic location, Religion, Migratory status, Displacement, Sexual orientation, Perpetrator	Provincial	Outcome
16.a.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	ID	Code 7	Social Welfare, Women Development, Population Welfare and Human		Gender	Provincial	MOI

						Rights Deptt.				
16.b.1	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	HH	Code 5	TBD		Gender, Relationship, Ethnicity, Place where the discrimination occurred, Population groups, Ground of discrimination, Sexual orientation	District	MOI
17.1.1	Total revenue collected domestically in GB in 2018-19: 1000 million PKR [Target was 1500 million PKR]	Finance	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Finance		Type of tax, Level of government ,	Provincial	MOI
17.1.2	0 [Tax Free Zone-2018 Order]	Finance	Available-Partially	ID	Code 4	Finance	FBR	GFSM defines disaggregation	Provincial	MOI

